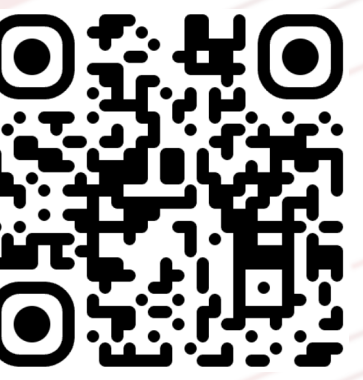


POWER GRID CONTROL WITH GRAPH-BASED DISTRIBUTED REINFORCEMENT LEARNING

CARLO FABRIZIO*, GIANVITO LOSAPIO*, MARCO MUSSI, ALBERTO MARIA METELLI, AND MARCELLO RESTELLI
{carlo.fabrizio, gianvito.losapio, marco.mussi, albertomaria.metelli, marcello.restelli}@polimi.it



OBJECTIVE

Design a **distributed reinforcement learning controller** that **dynamically adjusts loads** over power lines

MOTIVATIONS

- **Unmanageably large action space** due to:
 - Proliferation of renewable energy sources;
 - Increasing size of the controlled power grid.
- **Now there are obsolete traditional controllers** which strongly rely on:
 - Human-in-the-loop interventions;
 - Computationally intensive optimization algorithms.

REQUIREMENTS

- **Scalability:** Enable RL to control *large power grids* by decomposing the problem over multiple agents.
- **Performance:** Achieve longer grid survival time compared to standard baselines.
- **Computational Efficiency:** Guarantee lightweight inference and training for real-time deployment.

CONTRIBUTIONS

- Novel **Graph-based Distributed Deep Reinforcement Learning (G2DRL)** algorithm **splitting both the action and state spaces** among several agents:
 - **Innovative framework for graph-like data creation** from a power grid snapshot;
 - **Shared Graph Neural Network (GNN)** to process graph-like data, promoting **information sharing** among the agents.
- **Practical techniques to speed-up the convergence** in this graph-based multi-agent scenario:
 - **Imitation Learning – Deep Q-Learning from Demonstrations (DQfD);**
 - **Potential-based reward shaping – bootstrapped reward shaping.**

ALGORITHM: GRAPH-BASED DISTRIBUTED DEEP RL (G2DRL)

Model's components:

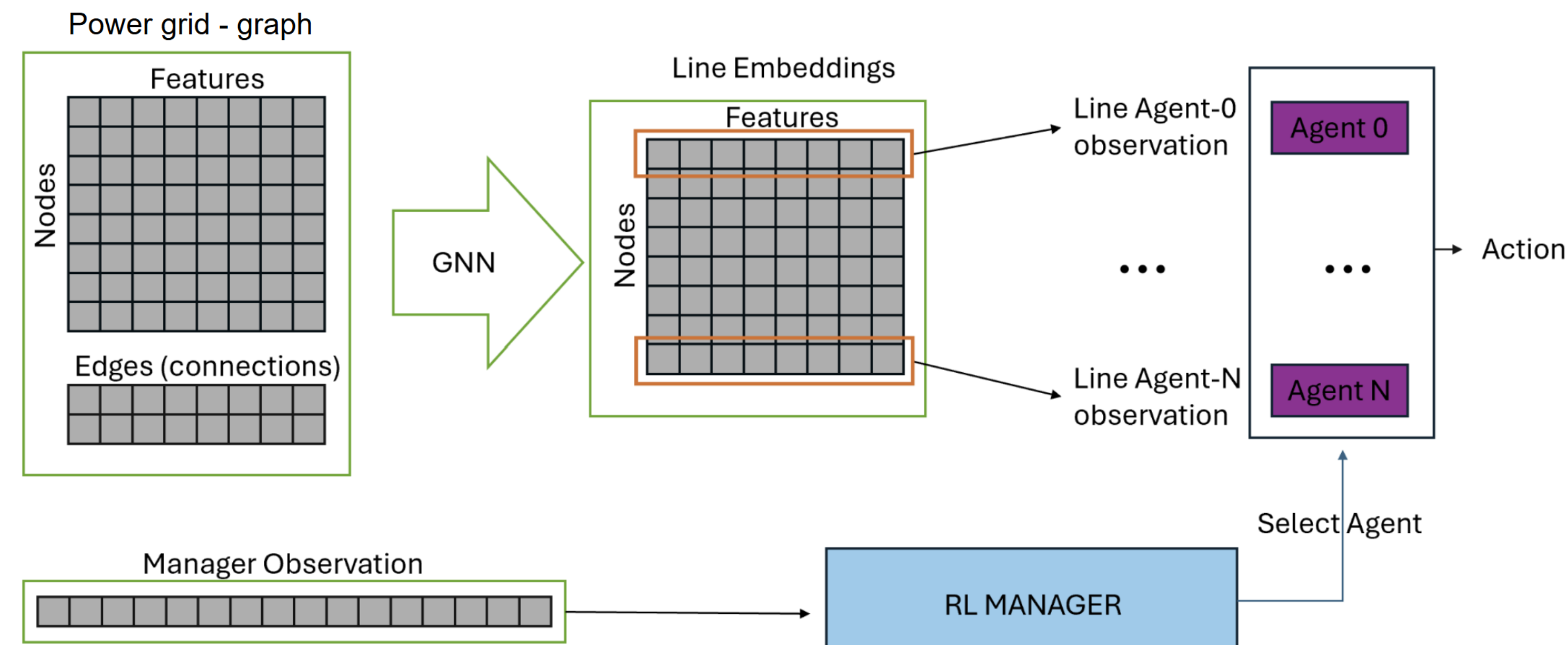
- Agents & Manager → **Deep Double Dueling Q-Learning** agents with **Prioritized Experience Replay Buffer**.
- GNN → **Graph Attention Network v2**.

Algorithm 1: G2DRL computational flow

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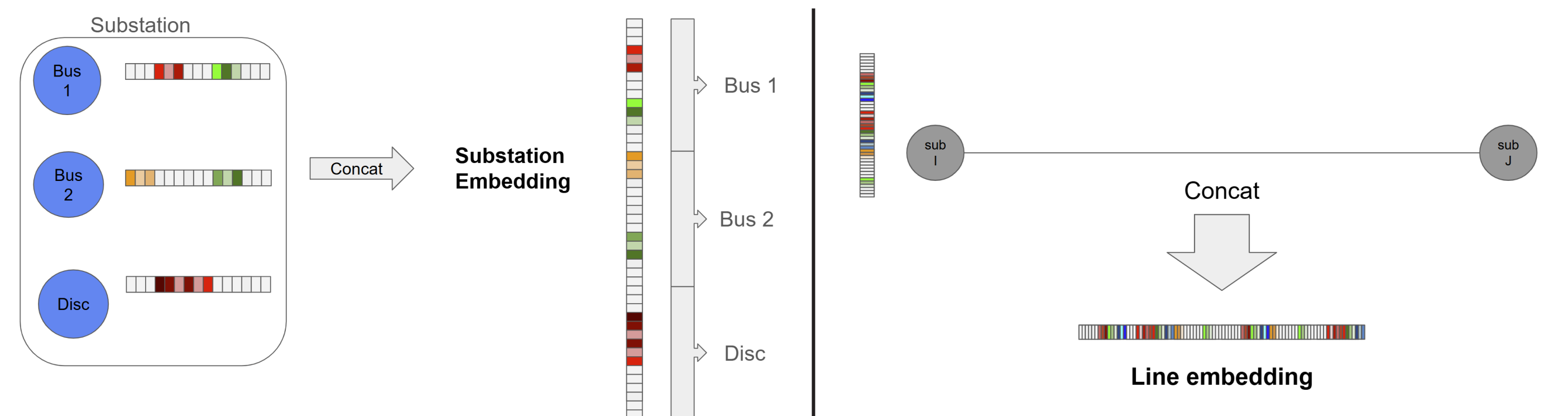
1 if Danger situation then
2    $i \leftarrow \text{Manager.select\_agent}(s_t | \mu^t)$ 
3    $g_t \leftarrow \text{convert\_graph}(s_t)$ 
4    $o_t \leftarrow \text{GNN}(g_t | \phi^t)[i]$ 
5    $a_t \leftarrow \text{Agent}_i.\text{policy\_play}(o_t | \theta_i^t, \alpha_i^t, \beta_i^t)$ 
6   return  $a_t$ 
  
```

HIGH-LEVEL OVERVIEW



DATA CONSTRUCTION: POWER GRID AS A GRAPH

Homogeneous graph representation of a power grid



EXPERIMENTS

SETTING

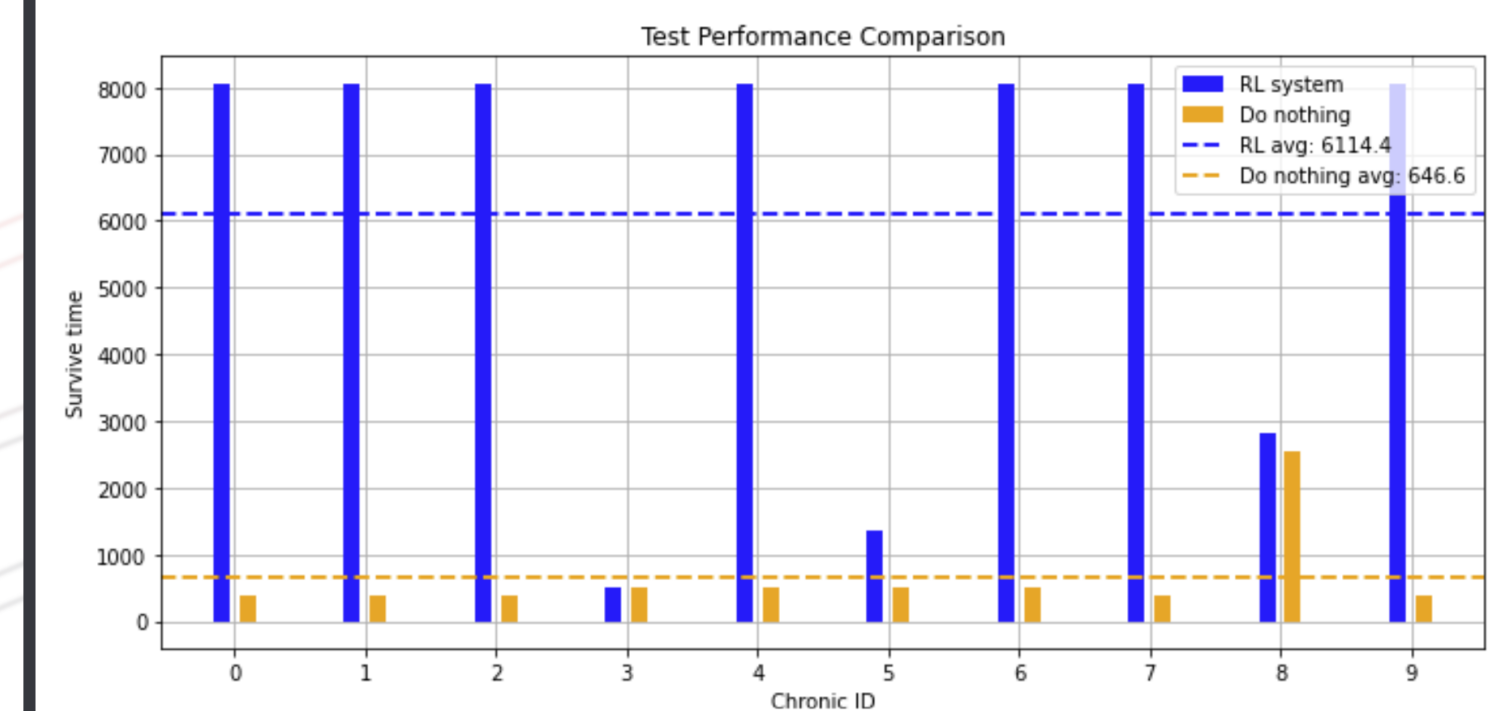
Grid2Op Simulator on the *"l2rpn_case14_sandbox"* environment (12 stations and 20 links) using:

- 984 training episodes
- 10 validation episodes
- 10 test episodes

Baseline: *Do-nothing* agent

RESULTS

TEST-SET PERFORMANCE



ABLATION STUDY

Configuration	Test Performance
Baseline	646.6
No DQfD	1877.9
No GNN	785.2
No Reward Shaping	5324.3
Complete System	6114.4

COMPUTATIONAL EFFICIENCY

Model	Inference Time (avg ± std) [s]
Proposed Model	0.187 ± 0.145
Expert Agent	2.56 ± 0.223

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