





SETTING

INTERACTION PROTOCOL: At every round $t \in [T]$, we choose an action $\mathbf{x}_t \in \mathcal{X}$ and observes $y_t \sim \text{Ber}(f(\mathbf{x}_t))$

<u>GOAL</u>: Maximize a *fixed unknown* function $f : \mathcal{X} \to [0, 1]$ over a decision set $\mathcal{X} \subseteq \mathbb{R}^d$

<u>REGULARITY CONDITIONS</u>: *f* belongs to a reproducing kernel Hilbert space (RKHS) \mathcal{H}_k with bounded kernel k **<u>LEARNING PROBLEM</u>**: Minimize the regret $R_T(\mathfrak{A}) \coloneqq T f(\mathbf{x}^*) - \sum_{t \in [T]} f(\mathbf{x}_t)$ where $\mathbf{x}^* \in \arg \max_{\mathbf{x} \in \mathcal{X}} f(\mathbf{x})$

STATE OF THE ART

SUBGAUSSIAN

NO STRUCTURE	Lattimore and Szepesvári 2020 (Corollary 5.5)	Garivier and Cappé
LINEAR	Abbasi-Yadkori et al. 2011 (Theorem 2)	Faury et al. 2022
METRIC SPACE	Kleinberg et al. 2008 (Theorem 4.2)	Magureanu et al. 2

BERNOULLI

2011 (Theorem 10) (Proposition 3) 2014 (Theorem 2)

OPEN PROBLEMS

1) Can we effectively estimate $f(\mathbf{x})$ in a new point $\mathbf{x} \in \mathcal{X}$ based on the history of past observations $\mathcal{G}_t := \{(\mathbf{x}_s, y_s)\}_{s=1}^{t-1}$ where y_s are Bernoulli samples?

2 Can we derive concentration guarantees for the deviation $|f(\mathbf{x}) - \mu_t(\mathbf{x})|$ (being $\mu_t(\mathbf{x})$ a suitable estimator of $f(\mathbf{x})$) which is tight for the Bernoulli observations?

3 Can we design regret minimization algorithms which

achieve a log T regret guarantee, highlighting the dependence on $D_{KL}(f(\mathbf{x}), f(\mathbf{x}^*))$ when X is finite?

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